

## APPENDIX D - Treasury management practice (TMP1) - Credit and counterparty risk management

- 1 The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) issued investment guidance in 2018, and this forms the structure of the authority's policy below. These guidelines do not apply to either trust funds or pension funds which operate under a different regulatory regime.
- 2 The key intention of the guidance is to maintain the current requirement for local authorities to invest prudently, and that priority is given to security and liquidity before yield. In order to facilitate this objective, the guidance requires this authority to have regard to the CIPFA publication treasury management in the public services: code of practice and cross-sectoral guidance notes. This Council adopted the code and will apply its principles to all investment activity. In accordance with the code, the director of finance has produced its treasury management practices (TMPs). This part, TMP 1(1), covering investment counterparty policy requires approval each year.
- 3 Annual investment strategy - the key requirements of both the code and the investment guidance are for the authority to set an annual investment strategy, as part of its annual treasury strategy for the following year, covering the identification and approval of the following:
  - The strategy guidelines for choosing and placing investments, particularly non-specified investments.
  - The principles to be used to determine the maximum periods for which funds can be committed.
  - Specified investments that the authority will use. These are high security (*i.e., high credit rating, although this is defined by the authority, and no guidelines are given*), and high liquidity investments in sterling and with a maturity of no more than a year.
  - Non-specified investments, clarifying the greater risk implications, identifying the general types of investment that may be used and a limit to the overall amount of various categories that can be held at any time.
- 4 The investment policy proposed for the authority is:

**Strategy guidelines** - the main strategy guidelines are contained in the body of the treasury management strategy statement.

**Specified investments** - these investments are sterling investments of not more than one-year maturity, or those which could be for a longer period but where the authority has the right to be repaid within 12 months if it wishes. They also include investments which were originally classed as being non-specified investments, but which would have been classified as specified investments apart from originally being for a period longer than 12 months once the remaining period to maturity falls to under 12 months.

These are considered low risk assets where the possibility of loss of principal or investment income is small. These would include sterling investments which would not be defined as capital expenditure with: -

- The UK government (such as the debt management account deposit facility, UK treasury bills or a gilt with less than one year to maturity).
- Supranational bonds of less than one year's duration.
- A local authority, housing association, parish council or community council.
- Pooled investment vehicles (such as money market funds) that have been awarded a high credit rating by a credit rating agency e.g., Standard and Poor's, Moody's and/or Fitch rating agencies.
- A body that is considered of a high credit quality (such as a bank or building society). This category covers bodies with a minimum short-term rating of xxx (or the equivalent) as rated by Standard and Poor's, Moody's and / or Fitch rating agencies.

In accordance with the code, the authority has set out additional criteria to limit the time and the amount of monies which will be invested in these bodies. These criteria are contained within the body of the Treasury Management Strategy Statement.

**Non-specified investments** - are any other type of investment (i.e., not defined as specified above). The identification and rationale supporting the selection of these other investments and the maximum limits to be applied are set out below. Non-specified investments would include any sterling investments with: -

	<b>Non-specified investment category</b>	<b>Limit (£ or %)</b>
a.	<b>The authority's own banker</b> if it fails to meet the basic credit criteria. In this instance balances will be minimised as far as is possible.	£7m
b.	<b>Building societies not meeting the basic security requirements under the specified investments.</b> The operation of some building societies does not require a credit rating, although in every other respect the security of the society would match similarly sized societies with ratings. The Council may use such building societies which have a minimum asset size of £3bn.	£3m
c.	Any <b>bank or building society</b> that has a minimum long-term credit rating of A-, for deposits with a maturity of greater than one year (including forward deals in excess of one year from inception to repayment).	£7m
d.	Any <b>non-rated subsidiary</b> of a credit rated institution included in the specified investment category. These institutions will be included as an investment category where the parent bank has provided an appropriate guarantee and has the necessary ratings outlined above.	£7m
e.	<b>Share capital</b> in a body corporate - the use of these instruments will be deemed to be capital expenditure, and as such will be an application (spending) of capital resources.	£50k

	Revenue resources will not be invested in corporate bodies. See note 1 below.	
f.	<b>Bond funds.</b> A pooled investment vehicle with a mix of corporate and government grade bonds. See note 1 below.	£5m
g.	<b>Other Funds</b> - including Property, Equity and Multi-Asset Funds. These are pooled investment vehicles specialising in property, equities or a mixture of assets. The use of these instruments can be deemed to be capital expenditure, and as such will be an application (spending) of capital resources. See note 1 below. This Authority will seek guidance on the status of any fund it may consider using.	£5m

Note 1. This authority will seek further advice on the appropriateness and associated risks with investments in these categories.

Within categories a and b, and in accordance with the Code, the Council has developed additional criteria to set the overall amount of monies which will be invested in these bodies. These criteria are contained in the body of the treasury management strategy statement.

- 5 **The monitoring of investment counterparties** - The credit rating of counterparties will be monitored regularly. The authority receives credit rating information (changes, rating watches and rating outlooks) from Link Asset Services as and when ratings change, and counterparties are checked promptly. On occasion ratings may be downgraded when an investment has already been made. The criteria used are such that a minor downgrading should not affect the full receipt of the principal and interest. Any counterparty failing to meet the criteria will be removed from the list immediately by the Deputy Chief Executive and Chief Officer - Finance & Trading, and if required new counterparties which meet the criteria will be added to the list.

## **APPENDIX E - Approved countries for investments**

This list is based on those countries which have sovereign ratings of AA- or higher, (we show the lowest rating from Fitch, Moody's and S&S) and also, (except - at the time of writing - for Hong Hong and Luxembourg), have banks operating in sterling markets which have credit ratings of green or above in the link creditworthiness service.

### ***Based on lowest available rating***

#### **AAA**

- Australia
- Denmark
- Germany
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Singapore
- Sweden
- Switzerland

#### **AA+**

- Canada
- Finland
- U.S.A.

#### **AA**

- Abu Dhabi (UAE)
- France

#### **AA-**

- Belgium
- Qatar
- U.K.

*This list is as at 2.12.22*

## **APPENDIX F - Treasury management scheme of delegation**

### Full Council

- receiving and reviewing reports on treasury management policies, practices and activities;
- approval of annual strategy.

### Cabinet

- approval of/amendments to the organisation's adopted clauses, treasury management policy statement and treasury management practices;
- budget consideration and approval;
- approval of the division of responsibilities;
- receiving and reviewing regular monitoring reports and acting on recommendations;
- approving the selection of external service providers and agreeing terms of appointment.

### Finance & Investment Advisory Committee

- reviewing the treasury management policy and procedures and making recommendations to Cabinet.

## APPENDIX G - The treasury management role of the Section 151 Officer

### The S151 (responsible) officer

- recommending clauses, treasury management policy/practices for approval, reviewing the same regularly, and monitoring compliance;
- submitting regular treasury management policy reports;
- submitting budgets and budget variations;
- receiving and reviewing management information reports;
- reviewing the performance of the treasury management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of treasury management resources and skills, and the effective division of responsibilities within the treasury management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of internal audit, and liaising with external audit;
- recommending the appointment of external service providers.

The above list of specific responsibilities of the S151 officer in the 2017 Treasury Management Code has not changed. However, implicit in the changes in both codes, is a major extension of the functions of this role, especially in respect of non-financial investments (which CIPFA has defined as being part of treasury management). Examples are as follows:-

- preparation of a capital strategy to include capital expenditure, capital financing, non-financial investments and treasury management, with a long-term timeframe;
- ensuring that the capital strategy is prudent, sustainable, affordable and prudent in the long term and provides value for money;
- ensuring that due diligence has been carried out on all treasury and non-financial investments and is in accordance with the risk appetite of the authority;
- ensure that the authority has appropriate legal powers to undertake expenditure on non-financial assets and their financing;
- ensuring the proportionality of all investments so that the authority does not undertake a level of investing which exposes the authority to an excessive level of risk compared to its financial resources
- ensuring that an adequate governance process is in place for the approval, monitoring and ongoing risk management of all non-financial investments and long-term liabilities
- provision to members of a schedule of all non-treasury investments including material investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, loans and financial guarantees
- ensuring that members are adequately informed and understand the risk exposures taken on by the authority
- ensuring that the authority has adequate expertise, either in house or externally provided, to carry out the above

- creation of treasury management practices which specifically deal with how non treasury investments will be carried out and managed, to include the following:
  - 
  - Risk management (TMP1 and schedules), including investment and risk management criteria for any material non-treasury investment portfolios;
  - Performance measurement and management (TMP2 and schedules), including methodology and criteria for assessing the performance and success of non-treasury investments;
  - Decision making, governance and organisation (TMP5 and schedules), including a statement of the governance requirements for decision making in relation to non-treasury investments; and arrangements to ensure that appropriate professional due diligence is carried out to support decision making;
  - Reporting and management information (TMP6 and schedules), including where and how often monitoring reports are taken;
  - Training and qualifications (TMP10 and schedules), including how the relevant knowledge and skills in relation to non-treasury investments will be arranged.